

THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE

VOLUME 13

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, JAN. 28, 1932



OVALTINE

TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE

A dainty, delicious and comforting beverage.

An excellent restoration and body-builder.

Invaluable for infants, growing children, invalids, and for general use.

The Champion Pharmacy

Phone 9

Druggists & Chemists

To Sell We Must Tell

Buy Pork This Week End

Legs and Loins sell for 10c per lb.

Shoulder and Side Pork sell for 8c per lb.

Pork Chops or Steak sell for 2 lbs. for 25c

Whole or half Hog, small 5c per lb.

ALSO

With every order of \$1.00 or more

3 lbs. of Lard for 35c

Champion Meat Market

Stock up at this weeks prices

Goods will be selling at higher prices shortly

Alberta Rose Flour, made and guaranteed by Purdy Mills, in quantity's of 500 lbs. or over, 98 lb. sacks

\$1.95

Potatoes, Nettle's, finest quality, sacks 90 lbs., each

89c

Pure Plum Jam, 4 lb. pails, made by Empress, per pail

38c

Red Rose Coffee, 1 lb. tin, each

45c

Rogers Golden Syrup, 10 lb. pails

78c

McCullough Bros.

At Your Service

Will buy your Hogs

Very long graded by government grades

For shipping dates and prices

HARRY SMITH

Phone 1215 for Particulars.

Champion Ldg

A. F. & A. M.

G. R. A.

Meets second Thursday in each month. Visiting brethren welcome.

J. M. MOFFAT, W. M.

G. L. DEPUY, Secy.

If you want Value for your Money

Buy Theriault COAL

More Heat per ton Less Ash

\$3.00 per ton at mine.

Phone 407

ERNEST RHODES, Operator.

FAIRBAIRN & CLARKE

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

LETHBRIDGE

At Office of Herbert Cooper

Champion, each Saturday afternoon.

High School Notes

Future meetings of the High School Literary Society will be held on January 28, February 10 and March 18. At the first of these meetings a series of debates will be featured. Grades nine and ten will debate at the first meeting and the winners will debate grade eleven at the second meeting. The debaters for grade nine will be Ruth Anderson and Arthur Ulrich, and for grade ten Robert McCullough and Ileen Collins. The resolution for the first debate is, "Resolved that truck freighting in competition with railways should be prohibited." These debates with additional numbers promise to make a very interesting program. The meetings will be held in the United Church at 2.30.

A skating party was given by the Literary Society for its members on Saturday night. The students met at the skating rink at 8 o'clock and skated until ten. From there the party went to the assembly hall in the public school where hot-dogs, coffee and pie was served. Everyone had an enjoyable time.

Due to the fact that the Literary President no longer attends school the Vice President Martin Gotsberg has been placed in the chair. An election for a new Vice President put Max Caldwell in that position.

The Literary Society requests that you attend future meetings in order to stimulate the interests of the members in their programmes. Your time will not be wasted.

Local and General

Mr. A. McCullough was a business visitor in Calgary during the week.

Born - To Mr. and Mrs. J. Groves, a son, on Sunday, January 24.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Farmer were Calgary visitors during the week.

Mrs. A. Little, who has been visiting with her daughter Mrs. J. H. Little, left for her home in Siavely this week.

Mrs. Bomer and Donna left for Portland Tuesday evening, where they will visit for two months.

Born - To Mr. and Mrs. R. Davies, a daughter, on Friday January 22.

Dr. Heil left Saturday for Winnipeg, where he will attend a Military School for three weeks.

The Hard Time dance held in the Community Hall on Friday January 22 was well attended.

George Young of Lethbridge is in town auditing the books of the Municipal District of Harmony.

Mrs. C. Williamson and Mrs. Johnny Anderson are visitors in Calgary.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

IN THE ESTATE OF JOHN KIRK LATE OF THE VILLAGE OF CHAMPION, IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA, FARMER, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the Estate of the above-named John Kirk who died on or about the 28th day of September, A. D. 1931, are required to file with The London & Western Trust Company, Limited, Michael Building, Calgary, Administrators of the Estate of the above-named John Kirk, by the 5th day of March, A. D. 1932, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the Administrator will distribute the assets of the Decedent among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

DATED this 10th day of January, A. D. 1932.

FAIRBAIRN & CLARKE

Barristers,

Lethbridge, Alberta.

Solicitors for The London & Western Trust Company, Limited, Administrators.

High School Team Defeats Carmangay

On Saturday January 23 the Carmangay High School Hockey team journeyed to Champion to meet the High School team there. Ice conditions were only fair but the game was enjoyed by all, especially when the home team came through with a 7-1 win. This is their second win against this team, having defeated them previously 3-0. Don Campbell fattened his scoring average when he pushed the rubber past the visiting goalie four times, three of them being off well timed passes. Alex Latiff, Bobbie McCullough, and Wayne Anderson each got one tally to their credit. Harry Taylor in goal was stopping them from all angles and was beaten by one which he had stopped but lost control of it. Incidentally this is the first one passed him in three games. All members of the local team worked hard. Four penalties were handed out, three to the visiting team and one to the locals. The visiting team never stopped trying and the score would not have been as one sided if they had received a little more support in goal. Champion will return the game on Tuesday night and also hope to meet the Nanton Juveniles in the near future.

Champion	Goal	Carmangay
Taylor	Goal	Minty
Anderson	Defense	McLaren
Stephenson	White	White
Campbell	Forwards	MacKay
A. Latiff	Backs	Bicks
Baslin	Nelson	Nelson
McCullough	Subs.	More
D. Latiff	McInnis	Clark

Elks Attention

The next regular meeting of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, will be held in the Community Hall, on Tuesday, Feb. 2nd at 8.30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested, as matters of vital importance must be discussed.

PLEASE NOTE - The Ladies of the O. E. F., extend to every Bro. Elks of Champion Lodge No. 182, a cordial invitation to join them in a social evening after lodge, on the above date. Dancing and cards will be the order of the evening. So leave Old Man Depression home for this occasion, and mingle with Elksdom Worthy Hopmates. Bring your Lady Love and enjoy a good time.

Keep this date open. Feb. 2nd at 8.30 o'clock.

C. Rhodes Secretary.

Women's Institute

Mrs. H. J. Montgomery, president of Alberta Women's Institutes will broadcast an address on "Wool and Woollen Products" over C. J. C. A. Edmonton Journal at about 4.15 p. m. on Tuesday, February 2nd. This should be of particular interest in Alberta, as the proposed establishment of a woollen industry in Western Canada is a matter which has been receiving renewed attention in recent months. The attention of W. I. members is directed to this broadcast, the first of a series of addresses on Canadian Industries.

Mrs. J. MacLeod entertained at a delightfully arranged bridge party on Friday evening at her home in Brant. Mrs. Moffatt and Mrs. Campbell were guests from Champion.

Champion Theatre

Wed. Feb. 3rd

Evening only at 8.30

Richard Barthelemess

IN

"Son of The Gods"



With Constance Bennett

From the story by Rex Beach

Any Seat

Anytime 25c

Wed. Feb. 3rd

CAMPBELLS

LADIES SILK HOSE

75c value, special pair

49c

Ladies Silk Bloomers

95c value, special per pair

59c

Ladies Dress Shoes

\$8.00 value, special

\$3.95

Ladies' House Dresses

Just a few, special each

95c

Extra Special

SWIFT'S BACON

1-2 lb. sliced, each

10c

SODA BISCUITS

Reg. 25c, each

14c

SOAP CHIPS

Bulk, per lb.

15c

Campbell's

"Where They All Go."

Long Louie Cafe

For Eleven Years the Leading Restaurant in Champion.

With the completion of recent improvements, including repainting and decorating, we are in a better position than ever to cater to farmers and others during the busy season.

As it has been in the past so Long Louie's

Will continue in the future to be

The Best Place in Town to Eat

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, all Kinds of Fruit in Season, Ice Cream the Year Round, etc.

Friday & Saturday Bargains

Pork & Beans, medium, each.....	5c
100 tins only (3 to a customer)	
Strawberry Jam.....	.45
Chips, each.....	.19
Turnips, Cabbage and Onions, per lb.....	.02
Oranges, sweet and juicy, per dozen.....	.30
Mixed Nuts, per lb.....	.10
Bulk Coffee, ground, per lb.....	.30
Blue Ribbon Black Tea, 1's, per lb.....	.45
Blue Ribbon Baking Powder, 3's, each.....	.08
Fels Naptha Soap, carton.....	.80
Brookfield Creamery Butter, 2 lbs. for.....	.48
Quaker China Oats, each.....	.29

Economy Cash Store

Phone No. 7

Favorable Trade Balance

Canadian Exports Are Now Ten Million Over Imports

Canada has now overtaken her previous unfavorable balance of trade for the present fiscal year, and has converted it into a favorable balance, amounting in value to \$10,744,980, according to a report issued by the Department of National Revenue. For several months back this country has been showing an excess of exports over imports, and the cumulative effect of this has been to offset the unfavorable balances in the early months of the current fiscal year. Exports for the nine months had a value of \$461,797,241, while imports into Canada were valued at \$451,052,260. At this time last year the country's trade registered an unfavorable balance amounting to \$73,755,510. During December exports of Canadian produce amounted in value to \$53,235,476, as against \$46,419,668 for December, 1920, while imports were \$40,286,935, a decline of \$20,000,999 from the same month a year ago.

Outlook of a Feminist

Says Man Destroyed the Home a Past Generation Knew

Man himself destroyed the home a past generation knew by the invention, use and constantly expanding possibilities of machinery. Then when woman, laboring in the world of business and professions, reached a salary comparable to that of man she became a menace and he invented the little platitudes "woman's place is in the home." This opinion was expressed at Montreal by Mrs. Beatrice Forbes-Robertson Hale, noted feminist, lecturer and lecturer, speaking at the People's Forum.

Before the invention of machinery, said Mrs. Hale, a wife and her children were assets and not liabilities. Today, however, the wife was an economic liability, unless she worked outside the home, a course to which she was driven for lack of work in her home. There was nothing new in the fact that a woman worked. Said the speaker, the departure came when she began to earn money.

Mrs. Hale urged those who find the "homemaker type" to find a new hand and "settle down" but advised others "to go out and earn your living."

Has Faith in Dominion

Canadians Are Justified in Looking to the Future With Confidence

"Canada is in a relatively satisfactory position and we are justified in looking to the future with confidence," Sir Herbert Holt, president of the Royal Bank of Canada, told directors and shareholders of the bank at the annual meeting in Montreal.

"I have witnessed many depressions during the course of the last 30 years and I see nothing in this one which weakens my faith in this country," Sir Herbert continued.

"It has been said that it is darkest just before dawn, and in previous depressions conditions have seemed most discouraging at a time when all classes had almost lost heart. The violence of the depression must of itself tend to produce a strong reaction."

Empire Development

British Government Preparing For Imperial Negotiations At Ottawa

Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister, Secretary of States for Colonies, told an audience in London, England, that sporadic empire development of the past must give place to settled development based on market requirements.

"The government is preparing for imperial negotiations at Ottawa determined to succeed," he said. "The dominions and colonies, he added, had given evidence of great goodwill towards the Mother Country, which Great Britain had now reciprocated and would shortly reciprocate in far greater measure."

Ostrich Is Long-Lived

And Old Birds Have the Most Beautiful Plumage

Just 45 days ago the first shipment of ostriches was brought from Africa to California, marking the introduction of ostrich farming in the United States. There were 42 birds in that original flock and more than three months were required for the long voyage.

Because of the prevailing high duty of ostriches, subsequent shipments were prohibited, or reduced to a few scattered pairs, so that practically all of the ostriches now found in this country are the descendants of the original 42. These were brought to America by Cawston and Cockburn for the pioneer Cawston ostrich farms of South Pasadena and Norwalk, California.

The South Pasadena farm is still in existence, and several of the majestic birds that made the long trip from Africa 42 years ago are still producing beautiful plumes.

The older the ostrich, the lovelier its plumage. Hence, the veterans of the flock, 30 or 40 years of age, yield the finest feathers. A full-grown ostrich weighs about 275 pounds, and weighs nearly eight feet high. All ostriches are a brownish color until eighteen months old, when the necks turn black and the hens gray.

Just how fast an ostrich grows can be estimated when it is stated that a young bird reaches maturity in six months—about two pounds a week. It is stated at the same remarkable rate, or about a foot every four weeks. The average span of an ostrich is 70 years.

Why Fat People Are Fat

Take More Food Than They Expend at Most Work

Dr. Louis H. Newburgh, professor of clinical investigation at University of Michigan, declared that fat persons are fat simply because they eat too much. He contradicts the time-honored belief that obesity is caused by diseases or maladjustment.

Dr. Newburgh made closely controlled observations of fat persons in University Hospital over a period of years and measured accurately the amount of food eaten by patients and its value in energy. He found that weight gains followed the taking of more energy than was expended by muscular work.

Dr. Newburgh claims that obese patients regularly deceive themselves and their physicians by "cheating" in their dieting. He said the "easy-going fat man" often was in reality not "easy-going," but an extremely nervous individual who found constant eating a relief from nervous distraction.

Have One Yourself

Every Man Should Buy His Own Newspaper

Recently The Leader, published at Fort Meade, Florida, offered a prize for the best answer to the question: "Why is a newspaper like a woman?" Some of the answers were as follows:

"Because they are thinner now than they used to be."

"Because they have bald-faced types."

"Because they are easy to read."

"Because they are well worth looking over."

"Because back numbers are not much in demand."

"Because they are not afraid to speak their minds."

"Because they have a great deal of influence."

"Because if they know anything they usually tell it."

"The correct answer was given as this:

"Because every man should have one of his own and not run after his neighbor's."—Tigra Leader-Post (Evening).

A Short Night

It was Willie's first ride in a railway train, and the succession of wonders reduced him to a state of continuous astonishment. The train rounded a slight bend and a white shriek of its whistle, plunged into a tunnel.

There were gasps of surprise from the corner where Willie sat. Suddenly the train rushed into broad daylight again, and a small voice was heard in wonder.

"It's nonsense!" exclaimed the small boy.

Large Livestock Holdings

Canada's Indian reserves on reserves in the prairie provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta had in 1920 a total of 22,285 head of cattle of all classes according to figures of the Department of Indian Affairs.

Just is estimated to cost the world more than five billion dollars a year.

Medical Terminology

Movement in United States To Simplify Names Of Diseases

The reclassification of the diseases and ailments of the human body according to cause and organ affected, is a strongly pronounced preference for English nomenclature, undertaken by the National Conference on Nomenclature of Diseases recently called at the New York Academy of Medicine, is a project which can scarcely fail to commend itself alike to medical authorities and the public, whose health is in their keeping.

The list, which is to be printed by the United States Public Health Service, within the next two months, will constitute an entirely new catalogue of diagnostic titles, according to Dr. H. Burton Logie, executive secretary of the conference, in which English terms in good English usage are to be employed whenever possible.

Long shrouded in a complex Latinized jargon, the practice of what is frequently termed being simple therapeutic or surgical technique has for ages assumed all the forbidding aspects of a profound art and mystery. It is probable that in the new list numerous Latin and Greek terms will continue to be used in the diagnosis of eye and ear diseases, but here they are, from long accustomed usage, familiar, and in most other cases English terms will be preferred. In general a simplicity of language will obtain, and it is hard to believe that such a practice can be anything but reassuringly healthy.

As with the modern physiologists, who, rather than say a person is "silly," assert that he is the victim of "an unduly excited nervous system," so for centuries physicians and surgeons have oppressed the ailing with portentous diagnoses couched in ominous, polysyllabic terms. In a time when, as a result of better health education, medicine and its practice are better appreciated and understood by laymen than ever before, a clarifying simplicity of medical terminology is a project which should find wide public favor.—New York Herald Tribune.

London Housing Plan

Ten Year House Building Project Relieves Congestion

Thousands of residents of London, Eng., have joined the exodus to occupy new homes in the country several miles out of the great and ever crowded city.

London has been carrying on a 10-year home building project. It is the largest house building organization in the world and London is also the big "at hand" landlord.

London has cleared up many slum districts and has relieved congestion in many overcrowded areas. Where it has knocked down slums it has built large blocks of new flats to house the people displaced.

All round the outer fringe of London there have sprung up little towns and large villages. At Broom's Barn and Dagenham, where the new Ford plant is getting into its stride, 21,562 new homes have been built, providing for 80,000 persons. At Dorman 5,071 homes have been completed; at Watling, 4,021; at St. Helier, 3,485; Bellingham, 2,103; Roehampton, 1,212 homes. There are 39 separate schemes for house building and 46,208 homes have already been built and flats to house 52,126 have also been erected.

A further 3,387 dwellings are under construction at present and the total expenditure to date on the London housing scheme is \$182,001,600.

The fire department of Brussels, Belgium, has just added a fire escape which can be extended 130 feet.

BONZO



IN DURANCE



Here is the latest photograph of Mr. K. Gandhi, wife of Mahatma Gandhi, who was arrested shortly after her husband was jailed at Poona.

Improving On Nature

Will Morality On Discovery Made By Greater Of Botanical Gardens

Occasionally the hand of improvement becomes perilously meddling. It essays to make better what is perfect; it eliminates some cherished peculiarity because it is not utilitarian, but serves only the purpose of interest or beauty.

The curator, after much patient experimenting, it is reported, has produced a straight banana. Under mathematical test the elongated fruit is said to display not even the slightest hint of a curve. What of it? Can a straight banana be more delectable to taste than one which has been gently bent by nature's finger? It cannot be more enticing to look at it. Perhaps its conformity to the shortest distance between two points makes it more easily cratable, but that is to be doubted.

What does England know about bananas, anyway, that her horticulturists should take liberties with them? Bananas are an American joy and beauty—and the more lovely because their yellow length is curved modestly. There is nothing seductive in a straight line. Ask the moralists. The proper retort to the curator of the Cambridge botanical garden is, yes, you have no bananas!—Chicago Daily News.

The Gulf Stream

Has Not Changed Its Course, As Some Statements Made It Appear

As if there were not enough things to worry about already, another attempt is making to convince mankind that the Gulf Stream has changed its course. This is a subject on which the defenders of the past can afford to be dogmatic. The Gulf Stream is a conservative; ages ago it made its bed and it is content to lie in it. Though the Bank of England quit selling gold, though Gibraltar lost its impregnability, the Gulf Stream keeps to its course, undisturbed by the accusation of inconstancy little men bring against it.—New York Sun.

Safety First

Magruder—"But I suppose you will forgive the young couple that they forgot the 'Not until' after they have located a place to board."

Nicholas Murray Butler would abolish the word "war." War would thereafter be described as "what used to be described as war."

By Studly



Improve Quality Of Maple Sugar and Honey

Far-Reaching Discoveries Of National Research Council Are Announced

Maple syrup attired to twenty times as strong in flavor and honey that will not spoil through fermentation, are now practical achievements according to an announcement by the National Research Council. Scientists have been working on these subjects for some time and the improvement desired in the maple sugar and the honey has been attained, the announcement stated, while the means of measuring the water content of honey and thereby providing a measure of protection against spoilage, is being worked out satisfactorily.

These discoveries are expected to prove of considerable value as the annual production of maple sugar and syrup in Canada is normally worth about six million dollars, while about thirty million pounds of honey is an average yearly output.

Although a popular delicacy the maple syrup is a sticky product and is used in the manufacture of tobacco in the United States. One feature prejudicing the greater use of the syrup as a food is the fact that the cakes of sugar become hard and mottled after a short time. A discovery by L. Skatin, a member of the staff of the National Research Laboratories, formerly of Macdonald College, now makes it possible to prevent this deterioration. Mr. Skatin's discovery also enables the manufacture of a syrup fifteen to twenty times stronger in maple flavor as heretofore, and of concentrates of the syrup for use in confectionery manufactures in which heretofore the syrup itself was used. This is expected to be of special interest to the confectionery manufacturers.

The presence of excessive moisture in honey, resulting in early fermentation, has been a serious problem to the beekeepers. The research council is seeking a means of combating this evil. Dr. H. D. Chatway of the research council, after a year's work, has succeeded in working out suitable methods of measuring this moisture. Dr. Chatway's discovery will aid in the selection of honey by farmers and will also enable the honey dealers to offer the product with a guaranteed sugar content.

There are numerous relations relating to honey, on which work is being done in the laboratories with every promise of success, the announcement stated, are connected with "buckwheat" honey which it is shown can be converted into a high-grade honey by appropriate treatment, and the development of new honey products which it is hoped will help to extend the market.

Movement Of Ice-Flows

Higher Than Normal Temperature In North Atlantic May Affect Changes

Higher-than-normal temperatures in the north Atlantic shipping-lanes this winter may affect the movement of ice-flows, but the Dominion meteorologists are unable to say exactly what way. It is too early, according to officials to make deductions from observations necessarily limited in scope.

Reports from Resolution Island, at the confluence of Hudson and Davis Straits, down which move icebergs from the west and north, indicate open water to the south and east, and ice to the north and west. The Resolution base reports four "growlers" or grounded bergs, to the south at the mouth of Hudson Straits.

Temperatures in north-east Canada and Greenland, while higher than normal, closely paralleled those of last year at this time, officials state, as reported across the north Atlantic from southern Greenland to the British Isles.

Regarded Letter With Awe

In her invigorating story of "Mere Maid of the Unlabeled," Agnes Repplier tells of the "puzzled awe" with which the Indians regarded a letter. "They would carry one from Quebec to a remote village, and long in ecstasy" when it was read aloud to them, and they recognized the accuracy of the news. "They could not understand how a scrap of paper could tell so many things and never be mistaken!"

Still Hope For Peace

We still cling to the ideals of peace, the League has not abdicated, reparations are still subject to negotiation, the disarmament conference has not been abandoned, but there have been many observers of the European scene who have declared for some time this facade of international co-operation the old forces of militarism are at work and who have questioned whether Europe can really keep the peace.—New York Evening Post.

Swine Illness In Winter

Caused by Damp Sleeping Quarters and Lack of Sunshine

The crippling of swine is usually a manifestation of swine fever or tetanus, or both, but one cannot always diagnose crippling as the result of dietary deficiency or a lack of mineral nutrition. The condition is practically unknown among swine running outside in summer and is almost as rare in winter in the Provinces around the swine pens as in a straw pile or in a straw shed well provided with bedding. On the other hand, crippling is common among hogs wintered in lumber buildings or in barns with other kinds of stock. These facts indicate definitely that sunshine and dry sleeping quarters are conducive to good health in swine. Crippling is frequently traceable to damp sleeping quarters, constipation and lack of sunshine and minerals.

At the Dominion Experimental Station, Scott, Sask., crippling has never been observed in swine provided with dry, comfortable beds in straw shelters and fed some distance from the sleeping quarters. Serious crippling has often resulted from compelling pigs to sleep in lumber cabins banked with straw and manure, or in a well covered shed in winter. The crippling of the piglets in a lumber building known as the piggery, it has also been observed that in case of fall pigs, those born before September 15, and allowed to run outside, seldom crippled during the winter, but made good gains and remained healthy, sometimes under adverse conditions. Pigs born later in the fall and kept in the barnyard to become well grown and thus are not so prepared to withstand the rigors and lack of sunshine during the winter. There is nothing to fully replace sunshine in preventing crippling, but cod liver oil, pilchard oil, and ground limestone have been used to great advantage with a certain degree of success.

Need Change Of Heart

World Must Begin Anew On Same Common Ground

The fact that there has been an uneasy concern of gold in some countries to the exclusion of others is not the fault of the gold standard, but it is because the world is pursuing policies which have this as an inevitable result. It is folly to suppose that the outcome would be different under any other standard. The necessity for huge monetary payments on international debts, the innumerable obstructions placed upon international trade, and the political discord and jealousy existing between nations are the real sources of difficulty.

What the world needs is a change of heart, and to learn something of the "facility of association" of which Emerson spoke. The world must begin anew on some common ground, something that gives hope, faith and encouragement for the future, rather than a mere repetition of accusations and recriminations. Report of the National City Bank of New York.

Did Not Worry Him

Two suburban districts in London, England, bear the names Hampstead and Islington. They adjoin and the same railway bus goes into each suburb. The conductor was announcing the arrival at the first of these two places by shouting "Amstated, Amstated."

"Pardon me," said a passenger, as he was getting off the bus, "Conductor, you've dropped something—the 'H' in Hampstead."

"That's half right, sir," came the cheerful reply, "I'll pick it up at Hinstington."

All-metal bungalows made of steel and copper have been developed in Germany to cost for about \$1,000 exclusive of plumbing and other equipment.

A novel musical instrument that combines a small piano and radio set has been placed on the market.

"If you like it I will buy it for you."

"No, I don't like it—that was a mistake. I have nearly finished it!"—Diane Hunsan, Madrid.

Says Farmers Should Pay More Attention To Marketing Instead Of Concentrating On Production

Expressing the belief that the next 25 years would see the emancipation of agriculturists from domination by bodies outside themselves, H. S. Arkell, secretary of the Canadian Livestock Pool and president of the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists, speaking at a gathering of the latter organization at Saskatoon, asked their assistance in that regard.

The society had made great strides since it was formed in 1921, and now included most of the technically trained agricultural men of the Dominion. In the past the members had chiefly concerned themselves with their own jobs and the co-ordination of work done under different authorities to make it efficient. They had accomplished a great deal in that direction.

But Mr. Arkell believed the time had come for the society to turn its attention to study the conditions of agriculture. It was for the betterment of agriculture that they had received their training.

From the point of view of the farmer, the selling machinery under the old methods had failed them, the credit machinery had fallen down and they would find that the majority of farmers believed that the technical machinery of agriculture was failing to accomplish the purposes of the farmer.

Agriculture had taken care only of production and left someone else to take care of marketing. In all other businesses an increasing proportion of the brains was devoted to merchandising. "Something should grow up in technical agriculture in regard to the business end in production. It was planned, the speaker said, to hold the annual convention of the society in Winnipeg in June, when it might be possible to secure speakers from the economic conference.

Dr. L. E. Kirk, Dominion Agronomist, suggested that other businesses had perhaps devoted too much attention to merchandising and persuading the people to buy what they did not want, rather than that agriculture had given too exclusive attention to production.

At a Munro, Northern experimental farm, agreed that farmers at the present time were much more concerned with what they were to do with their products than with how to produce more or better articles.

Guests introduced at the gathering included: C. H. Gilbert, Big River, spring wheat champion at the Chicago show, and Andrew Anderson, Alaska, specially designated "master farmer."

To Settle War Debts

Suggests Exchange Of African Territory Instead Of Cash Repatriation

To Sate
The rich Congo basin, lying in the heart of equatorial Africa, is proposed as payment by debtor countries, in the stead of cash repatriation to the United States, by Stephen Leacock, head of the Department of Political Economy at McGill University, Montreal, in an article appearing in the New York Herald-Tribune Sunday magazine section.

Describing this area of 1,500,000 square miles, now owned in three divisions by Belgium, France and Great Britain, as "exuberantly fertile," Professor Leacock points to the great possibilities of development. He sees the great Congo River as the "real gateway for African trade," and says a real seaport at the mouth of the Congo would "become one of the great harbors of the world's shipping."

He says the United States with its money, machinery and brains, is the one country to undertake the great development. Thus, would be set in motion, he believes, "a new world movement of prosperity."



"How did you get so much strength in your youth?"
"I have exercised my teeth with your staks"—1420, France.

W. N. U. 1926

Greater Precipitation

Report Of Meteorological Service For Month Of December Is Encouraging

Precipitation in Saskatchewan over the cultivated portion, during December, 1931, was approximately twice that of December of the normal year, according to the report of the Dominion meteorological service for the month.

In average years, precipitation in December varies from four-tenths to about eight-tenths of an inch. During December, 1931, from one inch to one and a half inches was reported over a considerable area in Saskatchewan.

In the extreme southeast and in small areas to the east of the Cypress Hills several points were exceptions, reporting less than four-tenths of an inch of precipitation received during December.

Alberta rejoiced in precipitation that was in excess of the normal. In December from one inch to one and a half inches was reported from a considerable portion of the plains. Usually the December precipitation in these areas varies from one-half to one-half to three-quarters of an inch.

A dry December was the experience of Manitoba, where most sections reported less than half an inch and some less than one-tenth.

In the majority of years, December precipitation is slightly greater in Manitoba than in Saskatchewan, ranging from one-half inch to one inch—Regina leader.

Apples Are Cheap Food

Essential Part Of Diet And Suitable For Every Meal

In a period like the present, when the amount of money available for food may be limited, apples are an essential part of the diet, says Miss Flora Carr, of the McGill College of Agriculture. "Apples are suitable for every meal in the day and are often enjoyed between meals," she goes on. "As saucers or baked, apples serve as a breakfast fruit, and with bacon or sausage they may accompany the meat dish. For dinner they are especially good with fresh or cured pork, no matter how it is cooked. They are adapted to cooking with many vegetables, as baked with sweet potatoes, fried with carrots or scalloped with cabbage. A wide variety of salads may be made from apples, either raw or cooked with vegetables, and the choice of apple desserts is almost unlimited.

Noise Affects Eyesight

One person in every five in the towns and cities is wearing, or ought to be wearing, spectacles. The proportion in the rural areas is only one in every 100. An eye specialist said: "During the war one of the effects of shell-shock was a narrowing of the victim's vision. Perfect eyesight depends on perfect nerves, and town dwellers today are exposed to a nerve-shattering barrage of noise which directly or indirectly in degree from a great gun cannonade.

Neighbor: "Mr. — Mrs. Brown — you've got odd stockings on."

Mrs. Brown: "Yes, dearie, that often 'appears to ladies what 'ave got more than one pair."

A writer asserts that a man's character can be told by the books on his library shelf. Then most of our friends are kleptomaniacs.

Egg Exports From B.C.

Are Helping Producers Over Five Thousand Dollars Daily

British Columbia hens are bringing into the pockets of poultry owners, as a result of growing volume of shipment of eggs outside the province, in the neighborhood of \$5,000 a day. The B.C. Egg Pool is shipping to the prairies and eastern Canada three and four carloads of eggs weekly. Private firms are adding to further shipments, which, according to G. R. Wilson, of the poultry division, Dominion Live Stock Branch, bring the total up to one carload daily.

Each carload at Montreal brings an average of \$7,000. These must be deducted from this freight charges of approximately \$850 and handling charges of five cents a dozen.

The egg industry is at present the liveliest department of agriculture in British Columbia. Distribution of \$5,000 a day among poultry ranchers is bound to stimulate confidence in the poultry industry.

Egg prices are much lower than at the same time in 1930. Production is also lower. Nevertheless, present prices are attractive to the coast poultry owners. Lower feed prices and low labor costs help to make up for the reduced prices received for the product.

George P. Wallace, president of the B.C. Egg Pool, reports falling off of production of eggs elsewhere in Canada.

Prof. E. A. Lloyd, University of British Columbia, says that the present export of eggs is but the beginning.

"I look to see British Columbia poultrymen exporting eggs to overseas markets as well as our domestic markets," said Professor Lloyd.

France Baying Wheat

French Government Contracting For Ten Million Bushels Of Canadian Grain

Delivery has started on a French government contract to buy 10,000,000 bushels of Canadian hard spring wheat, the United Press learns. The agreement represents a repetition of an order for a similar amount for two months.

It was understood that France expects a reciprocal concession from Canada favoring either French wheat or barley, but no agreement has been reached.

It was estimated that France still requires 11,000,000 bushels of foreign wheat to meet the deficit in domestic supplies.

Wheat representatives were awaiting indications of whether the foreign office would continue the policy of buying Central European wheat for political reasons, or would buy the balance in the open market from Canada, the United States and Argentina.

Advertising Always Pays

The business has not been found in which "advertising does not pay." What capital is to industry, what rainfall is to farm soil, advertising is to business. Advertising is as necessary to national distribution as the railroads.

The reason people are patient with salesmen is because they don't know what to do, either.

Nearly 40 irrigation projects are to be launched in Jugoslavia in the next four years.

Scientists Hope To Procure Facts And Figures To Test The Theory That Continents Float

Sensitive To Weather Changes

Animals Are Very Quick To Notice Any Variations In Weather

Animals are amazingly sensitive to changes of weather, and some very interesting observations have been made as to how they behave under such circumstances. We have all seen the antics cats get up to when a storm is approaching. They wander restlessly to and fro, and suddenly dart about the house and garden in a most surprising manner. Cats, too, wash right over their ears when rain is approaching. The following are other unmistakable signs of changing weather: In mountainous districts sheep change their feeding ground to the lee side, or side opposite the wind, of the hills before the arrival of gales and rain. Little field mice, too, appear to know when cold and snow will set in, for they have been observed to cover up their holes carefully before hard weather comes. Donkeys invariably bray lustily before rainy weather, and if they return to the hives and do not come out again for a time rain is indicated.

Farm For Strayed Animals

Eleven Acres Operated By Voluntary Workers In Montreal

"The League of Justice To Animals" with voluntary workers operates a farm of 15 acres at Montreal, the only one of its kind in Canada, where lost, strayed or unwanted animals found on the streets of Montreal are taken, and when not claimed within a reasonable time are placed with new owners. At this home there are adequate kennels for cats and dogs, stables for horses and good grazing land with plenty of shade trees. Every type of creature is cared for from goats to canaries. Horses whose owners are too poor to feed them properly are taken and within a short time returned in good condition.

In the society's six years of befriending the dumb animals, it has had four Christmas trees set up in various parks and squares here distributing hay, corn and oats to 100 horses yearly.

Fewer Wolves Taken

Export Of Wolf Pelts Show Signs Of Falling Off

Production and export of wolf pelts are falling off, which opens up the question as to whether or not wolves are decreasing in Canada.

In the calendar year 1931 the export of the skins of wolves totalled 41,972 at a value of \$385,652, according to the records of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In 1929 the export was 86,708 wolf pelts at a value of \$1,503,470.

Saskatchewan is the first province to make returns for the hunting season of 1930-31, when 115 timber wolves and 9,063 coyotes were taken. In 1929-30 the take was 134 timber wolves and 12,717 coyotes.

Built to house 150 guests, a hotel in Antrim, England, which is becoming quite a popular holiday resort, has not a single bathroom. The town itself has no public water supply.

Hidden away in vaults in Dominion

Observations at Victoria and Ottawa are scientific records that may prove or disprove some of the truth of the theory that North America and the other continents have floated or stationary. Dr. Alfred Wegener, the Austrian geologist who lost his life in Arctic exploration, laid down the theory that continents float or move of molten rock like rafts on a quiet ocean. Canadian scientists hope to supply the facts and figures that will determine the accuracy of the theory.

Canada is vitally interested in settling the Wegener theory because Greenland is supposed to be the "pivotal ring" among the continents, cravering westward at a rate estimated as high as six miles a year. Meteorological conditions, especially along the Labrador Coast, the Maritime Provinces and the New England States, would be affected by any appreciable narrowing or lengthening of the distance between the two land masses.

Delicate scientific observations were made some years ago at the Dominion Government Observatories at Victoria and Ottawa. Longitudinal measurements were extended around the world with the aid of sea-levels. The positions of America, Greenland and other countries were plotted as minutely as possible. The observations will be repeated in 1932 and again in 1936, and any variation in the plottings will be noted. By this method it is hoped to establish the accuracy of Dr. Wegener's hypothesis.

The first evidence to substantiate the drifting theory was established in 1907 by J. E. Koch, German explorer. In 1922-23, years earlier, Sir Edward Sabine, British scientist, made longitudinal observations in Greenland but when Koch took similar readings at the same spot, the figures did not correspond. The only explanation was that Greenland had moved in the intervening years.

Great Natural Asset

High Grade Clay Deposits In Saskatchewan May Prove Foundation Of Great Industry

One of the greatest natural assets of the prairie provinces is constituted in the high grade clays of southern Saskatchewan, said G. M. Hutt, assistant director of development for the Canadian Pacific Railway, speaking at a luncheon held by the officers' association of the company at the Royal Alexandra Hotel in Winnipeg. He said that they would in time be the means of support for an immense clay products industry.

In describing the valuable resources, Mr. Hutt told of the general work of his department in fostering Canadian industry by locating deposits of minerals and sources of other raw materials and by assisting in bringing these materials into use. W. C. Casey, president of the association, was chairman.

Royal Palace A Public Museum

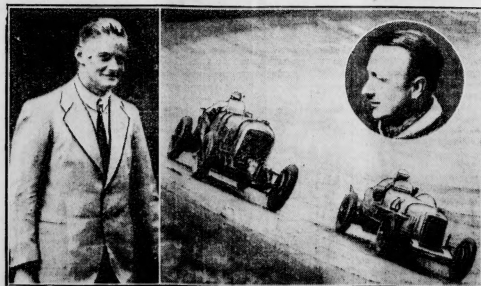
Ex-King Alfonso's former royal palace at Madrid has been opened as a public museum. For the sum of one dollar visitors are allowed to see the throne room, sitting rooms, banquet hall, the famous "Hall of Columns," where so many functions, including that of the washing of feet on Good Friday, took place, but so far they have been permitted to visit the private apartments and bedrooms formerly occupied by King Alfonso, Queen Ena, and the Infantas.

At the National Dairy Show held recently at St. Louis, Missouri, U.S.A., is British Columbia's two-year-old Holstein heifer, "Culady Flood Columbia." No. 194133, was declared Champion Holstein of North America.



"You are handy-legged, Fridolin." "This is no wonder, you ought to have seen my brother. He was so handy-legged that he had to be buried in an old bus body."—En Hellig Half Tunn, Göttemborg.

BRITISH SPEED EXPERTS PLAN SERIOUS INVASION OF EUROPE



An invasion by a team of British racing drivers with British cars into the most cherished preserves of Continental road racing is contemplated by a group of the best drivers in the Motherland. The Italian "Mille Miglia" or 1,000-mile race, held every spring, is the only centrepiece of its kind in the world, and last year, for the first time in the history of the race, an English car competed, driven alternately by an English and an Italian driver, neither of years' race. April 9 and 10, British drivers propose to enter a team of three cars, which would be driven by whom could speak the driver's language. If failed successfully, much to the surprise of the Italian people. In this year's race, April 9 and 10, British drivers propose to enter a team of three cars, which would be driven by the best racing team the Motherland could produce. Sir William Morris, British motor magnate, will back the venture, and Sir Henry Birkin (right), will be one of the drivers. It is expected Lord Howe will captain the team.

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Fragrance Sealed In Metal

MILBURN'S HEART NERVE PILLS

"Fresh from the Gardens"

In Times Like These

In the course of the most or less extensive reading in which every man in newspaper work must engage, our attention was attracted by a magazine article bearing the title "In Times Like These," written by former U.S. President Calvin Coolidge. Coming from the pen of such a noteworthy man we felt assured that it would be a worthwhile article. We were not disappointed, and have decided to pass on to the circle of readers of this weekly column some of the thoughts expressed by the only living ex-President of the United States, in the hope and expectation that they may be found helpful and provide encouraging ideas.

Mr. Coolidge expresses the opinion that one of the serious results that come from the experience through which the world has been passing for the past two years is "loss of faith," and he proceeds to show that if a man but keeps his faith, regardless of anything and everything that may happen, there is still a bright future before him.

The difficulty is that because some have put their trust in things which they have found do not always endure, they draw the hasty and unwarranted conclusion that it is useless to have faith in anything. Furthermore, there is a tendency, and it is easy, to conclude that whatever disasters may have overtaken an individual for him to conclude that they have arisen through no fault of his own; rather that it is the fault of someone, and he is inclined to blame something he loosely calls society.

It is true that some have lost through the dishonesty of others. Many more have lost because they were tempted to take large risks in the hope of making large gains. Some had made large profits, but many more suffered heavy losses. Frankly, it must be said that those who trust to chance must abide by the results of chance. They have nobody to blame but themselves.

In Western Canada, however, probably the larger number of losers are to be found in Mr. Coolidge's third group, those who have sustained losses notwithstanding the exercise of their best judgment and through causes beyond their own individual control. But this simply means what everyone should know, that even when surrounded by all the safeguards and all the integrity which is possible to secure, the ownership of property involves a risk. The man who has nothing runs no risk; it is the man who has property who is liable to suffer. Nevertheless no sane person prefers to be the former rather than the latter.

The man who owns a house may lose it by fire, by flood, by a devastating storm. A man's livestock may be sickened and die. A man may lose his crops by drought, or hail, or insect pests. World conditions may force prices to a below-cost-of-production basis. He cannot help these things, but that does not excuse him from making the most of what he has. The great fact of life is uncertainty, as Mr. Coolidge points out. The only thing we can do is to recognize the uncertainty and govern ourselves accordingly.

It might be a great personal comfort if we could lay all the blame for our misfortune upon some source outside ourselves. That is why it is easy to convince some of us that we have not failed, but society has failed. If, while there is a relationship of all of us, which we term society, that differs from each of us, just as a house differs from the individual bricks in it, yet people are not bricks, and moral responsibility cannot be shifted to others. If we are to be free to make our own choices in life, we must take the risk of being responsible for the results.

If we could lay the blame for present conditions in the world on society or on the large, against whom is the blame to be assessed? It is impossible to point out any general moral lapse, any widespread dishonesty. We may say it is the result of greed and selfishness. But what body is to be specifically charged with that? Were the wage earners too greedy in getting all they could for their work? Were the managers of enterprise, big and little, too greedy in trying to operate at a profit? Were the farmers too greedy in their production or in co-operating to get higher prices for their products?

No, the most we can say is that there has been a general lack of judgment so widespread as to involve practically the whole world. Each and every one of us must assume our fair share of responsibility for that lack. We have found out that we were not so big as we thought we were. We were riding too high. We shall have to keep nearer the ground. We may not feel so exalted but we shall be much more sure of our feet.

We must realize that the best recipe for financial security is to live within our means. That is our ancient faith. We have found nothing better.

We must re-learn the old Biblical adage: "Thine own right hand can save thee." We must realize that Governments are not all-powerful, that present relief measures are but a crutch to help us for a moment when we cannot otherwise save ourselves, but that our salvation, our whole future, rests with us as individuals.

There is no power that can absolutely guarantee us economic security. We think we want relief from toil and worry, forgetful that our real satisfactions are in our achievements. If we will but make the effort to develop them, if we will apply ourselves faithfully to our tasks, we shall find we have powers we did not know we possessed.

Drop in Living Costs

Embargo Is Removed

Reduction of Fifteen Per Cent. During Last Two Years

Cost of living has dropped by over 15 per cent. during the past two years, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics reports. This is the second largest decrease among the leading nations, the United States leading with a drop of 16.5 per cent. Germany ranks third with a 12.9 per cent. drop. Great Britain fourth with 9.8, and France fifth with 8.9 per cent. One of the reasons Canada, United States and France rank so high is the extensive agricultural developments of these countries.

The modern telephone instrument consists of 201 parts.

Livestock From Britain Again Allowed To Enter Canada

A ministerial order issued by the Department of Agriculture removes the prohibition against the importation of livestock from the Old Country which has been operative since June 20, 1918.

Issuance of permits for the importation of British livestock was withheld by ministerial order last June owing to serious outbreaks of the dread foot and mouth disease in various sections of the Old Country.

It has been estimated that Columbian waterfalls could be harnessed to produce more than 4,000,000 horsepower.

Palpitation of the Heart Could Hardly Get Around

Mrs. Charles Starnes, R.R. 1, Princeton, Ont., writes: "I was troubled with palpitation of the heart; couldn't sleep, day or night, and was so weak I could hardly get around. After taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I was greatly relieved of my trouble. My mother also has great faith in them and feels no other medicine can help her so much for her trouble."

I can assure you that Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills is a wonderful medicine.

Price 50¢ a box
Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Man Without a Country

Pitiable Flight of Negro Who Was Deported From Canada

Chained to a grating in the hold of a ship in port, where he has remained for more than a month, is another man without a country. He is Cecil Jafes Scott, 29-year-old negro deported from Canada and unwanted in his alleged homeland of Bermuda. He was put aboard the steamer "Borundi" at Halifax, and when permission was refused to land him at Bermuda or Demerara where the authorities had no information concerning him, the only alternative was to bring him back to Canada. Having previously been deported from the Dominion, he was refused admission when the "Borundi" arrived at St. John, and now the captain and immigration officials are wondering what they shall do with the passenger.

The steamer's owners are liable to a \$1,000 fine if the deportee escapes. So "down below" in an iron cage cell formed by a grating, is the man without a country, his right wrist fastened to the steerboard and a blanket serving for a bed.

Cut In Salaries

Manitoba Government Orders Six Per Cent Reduction All Along the Line

Six per cent. cuts in salaries of all employees of the inside government, from cabinet ministers down to the lowest paid civil servant, were ordered by the Manitoba Government. The cuts were effective as from Jan. 1. This order will make provincial salaries the highest of any government in the Dominion.

It is anticipated that governing bodies of provincial services and educational institutions will follow the lead of the government and also order corresponding cuts. A saving of \$200,000 is expected to result from the reductions.

Ship Fox Skins

Seven Thousand Pelts Leave Quebec For London Market

During recent days 7,000 fox skins have been shipped from Quebec to be placed on the London fur market, according to information given out at the office of the Co-operative Fur Animals Raisers of Quebec, Inc. This shipment of skins, the largest ever sent from here, is valued at \$200,000 and consists of skins of the best quality.

In the face of orders on hand at present, Co-operative officials say, it is probable that an additional 15,000 skins will be placed on foreign markets in the very near future.

Persian Balm tones and stimulates the skin. Prized as a flower. Good as morning dew. Safeguards and beautifies the complexion. Removes every trace of skin blemish. Creates complexion of exquisite charm. Adds a subtle finish to the fairest woman. Irresistible for softening the hands and making them flawless with its perfume. Refreshing. Delicately fragrant. Delightful to use. Chosen unhesitatingly by all women who care for feminine distinction.

Cannal Hoard Gold

Viennoise who have taken to hoarding gold in their mouths in the form of fillings, crowns and bridge-work have bitten off more than they can chew. Firms which cast gold bridges and similar material for dentists, have been doing a good business lately. The National Bank, which now has the sole right to sell gold, says temporary fillings will have to do until the gold crisis is past.

Toothache and neuralgia are instantly relieved with Dore's Egyptian Liniment. A cure, sure remedy. Also recommended for burns, sprains, sores and inflammation.

The total value of building and construction awarded in Canada during 1931, as compiled by McLean Building Reports, Limited, amounted to \$315,182,000. Ontario led all the provinces with \$125,652,200, or 39.8 per cent. of the Dominion total. Quebec comes next with \$106,125,700 or 33.6 per cent.

Land and Water Ferry

Hotel guests at Devonshire, England, now use a ferry that travels on land or sea. It is equipped with tractor wheels for land, and a propeller is driven off the tractor motor to drive the ferry through water.

In 1807, the first rats of pine cut in the Ottawa Valley reached the City of Quebec.

Pulitron is a disease which attacks poultry in much the same manner as typhoid does humans.

W. N. U. 1928

NEVER "dose" except on doctor's advice

NEVER
"dose"
except on
doctor's
advice

NEVER
"dose"
except on
doctor's
advice

BEST FOR ADULTS 100

Astrolator Makes Some

Unpleasant Predictions

Says 1932 Hard Year For Cattle and

Married People

Prof. Gustave Meyer, of Hoboken, New York, who describes himself as "the nation's counselor and himself an astrologer," has predicted that 1932 is going to be a tough year for cattle and married people.

In scanning the planets for his annual first-of-the-year forecast, Professor Meyer considers that Japan and China are going to have much trouble, and that Japan will get the best of it in the long run. He feels that prohibition is going to have "a terrible time" during 1932, that prosperity is coming back to stay, that Colonel Lindbergh and Henry Ford will better watch their step in February and that next Fall there will be plenty of rain, snow, hail, thunder and lightning, floods, earthquakes, bank failures, broken legs and stomach trouble.

Among those who will suffer during the year, according to the professor, are theatrical people, hotel and restaurant people, steamship people, bull traders, naval officers and cabinet members.

Those who will enjoy good luck include literary people, scientific people, astrologers, mining men, real estate agents, President Hoover, soldiers, diplomats and all the unemployed.

Places Unknown To Man

Large Unexplored Regions in Arctic and Antarctic Regions

Although the airplane, the motor car, the motor boat and other mechanical conveniences of recent years have helped wipe out many of the larger blank areas, marked "unexplored" on the maps of the world, the National Geographic Society, in a current bulletin, says there are still many regions unexplored by man or even in history and a few that have never been seen by civilized man.

"Unquestionably the largest unexplored spot in the world today lies in the continent of Antarctica," the bulletin states, adding that though the Pole has been reached three times and the coastline skirted, of the interior only the pie-shaped sector leading inland from the shore of the Ross sea has been explored.

"Antarctica remains the greatest stronghold of nature against the curiosity of man," it continues. Next largest lies at the opposite end of the earth, that part of the Arctic Ocean between the arctic "Norge's" path, on its flight over the North Pole and the coast of Siberia. It measures about 900 miles long and 400 miles wide, with an area about the size of Alaska.

Large tracts in Greenland, Arabia, South America and Australia, have yet to be seen by man, the bulletin states.

Experiments are being made in Chicago, Ill., of a ray-producing device which, according to the inventor, will destroy ammunition on land, air, or sea at will.

Complete in itself, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fail to do its work.

Compressed air apparatus has been perfected to increase the volume and improve the quality of the tones from loud speakers of either radio or phonograph music.

The total expenditure by the different Provinces of Canada on main provincial highways during the year 1930 was \$34,502,700.

A new material for phonograph disks is capable of recording on one disk double the amount of music on an ordinary disk.

Shipping Gold To Britain

India Expected To Double Last Year's Entire World Output

India has shipped more than \$100,000,000 worth of gold to London since Great Britain suspended the gold standard, and if shipments are continued at the present rate they are expected to double last year's entire world output of gold which was approximately \$420,000,000.

More than \$9,000,000 in gold was shipped to London in one day recently. This steady output is regarded by financiers as an important contributing factor to the recent rise in the pound sterling.

More than in any other country in the world gold is the standard of value in India. All classes hoard it in the settings for jewelry, coins and other valuables, and banking institutions are scarcely known in the Indian villages. Whenever an Indian in the interior wants paper money he ships his articles of gold to the government mint at Bombay where they are melted and coined.

New Ideas For Cars

Many Advanced Methods Will Feature Automobiles Of Future

The automobile industry, in its new features, is expected to feature the buying public, spends millions of dollars annually in experimentation on advanced methods of automobile construction. Many of the new ideas which result from the extensive research of the industry's engineers seem radical at first glance, but are a forecast of what may be expected for future automotive transportation. Among the many possible developments discussed in engineering circles is such a startling suggestion as a gasolineless, waterless car, propelled by radiated electricity. Another unusual proposal calls for the use of an airplane type of construction for cars, with large fenders and a combined roof and wing structure lifting a considerable amount of weight from the road, and with propulsion furnished by a propeller.

Some Heat Quizzes—Have you a persistent sore that refuses to heal? Then, try Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the dressing. It will stop sloughing, carry away the proud flesh, draw out the pus and prepare a clean bed for the new skin. It is a recognized healer among oils and numbers of people can certify that it healed where property applied.

Forestry Patrol Work

Brooks Airways To Undertake Government Work In Northern Saskatchewan

Forestry patrol work and government flying operations in northern Saskatchewan will be conducted during 1932 by the Brooks Airways, Limited, of Prince Albert.

Arrangements for this work were completed between government officials and H. D. Brooks, head of the Airways. The Brooks Airways conducted similar work for the government during the past year.

At the present time the Airways is operating four machines, two Stinsons and two Buicks, with a staff of three pilots and two mechanics.



You're Worried

When your child is sick you're terribly worried. Of course you can't. Baby's Own Tablets. They are the ideal laxative for children. Doctors prescribe them.

Baby's Own Tablets reduce fever, allay colic, prevent constipation, soothe the stomach, and help to clear up colds. 25 cents a package at any drugist's.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

(Dr. Williams') 175

Stockmen Elect Officers

Meeting Of Canadian Livestock Co-Operatives Held At Saskatoon

W. A. Amos, of Palmerston, Ontario, was elected president of the Canadian Livestock Co-Operatives at a meeting of the directors held at Saskatoon. He succeeds W. D. Mackay, of Saskatoon. W. A. Amos, Palmerston, Quebec—J. T. Demars, Montreal; Martin—J. McClellan, Prince Edward Island.

Real Benefit To Farmers

Shipping Club In Quebec Markets Fresh Produce At Advantage

A fine example of the real benefit to farmers in getting together to market their products is afforded by the results obtained by the Campbell's Bay Shipping Club, of Pontiac County, Quebec. This year to date the club has marketed 250 head of cattle, 200 calves, 1,150 lambs, and over 12,000 pounds of dressed poultry, representing cash returns to the farmers of that district of well over \$15,000. The Federal and Provincial Departments of Agriculture have co-operated effectively in making the scheme a success.

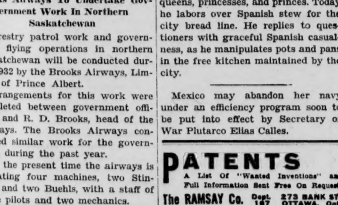
Hard Times For Chef

A young Chef Francisco Arroyo was preparing dainties for kings and queens, princesses, and princes. Today he labors over Spanish stew for the city bread line. He replies to questioners with graceful Spanish casualness, as he manipulates pots and pans in the free kitchen maintained by the city.

Mexico may abandon her navy under an efficiency program soon to be put into effect by Secretary of War Plutarco Elias Calles.

PATENTS

A List of "Wanted Inventors" and "Patent Inventors" sent to the RAMSAY CO. 273 BANK ST. OTTAWA, ONT.



Don't Let Foods Spoil

Foods that ordinarily stale quickly will stay fresh and tempting a surprisingly long time if you cover them with Para-Sani Heavy Vaseline Paper.

Your grocer, druggist or stationer has Para-Sani in the handy, stationery knif-edged carton. For those who prefer a lighter paper put up in sheet form ask for Appledorf's Centre Pull Packs.



Appledorf Paper Products

HAMILTON, ONT.

Western Representatives: HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

CHAPTER XII.
A Sense of DutyProtect Your
Boy

From coughs and colds

SCOTT'S
EMULSIONof Norwegian
Cod Liver OilBuilds Resistance
Easy to TakeTHE HOUSE OF
DREAMS-COME-TRUE- BY -
MARGARET FIEDLERAuthor of
"The Splendid Folly," "The Hermit of
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER XI.—Continued.

Jean, glancing enquiringly across at Mrs. Craig, was startled at the sudden change in her face produced by Lady Anne's simple announcement. The sallow skin seemed to pale—almost white, like a cut flower that needs water—and the lips that had been parted in a smile stiffened slowly into their accustomed straight line.

"Of course," Mrs. Craig's voice sounded faint and she swallowed once or twice before she spoke—"that must be it. I—knew your father, Miss Peterson."

To Jean, always sensitive to the emotional quality of the atmosphere, it seemed as though some current of hostility, of malice, leapt at her through the innocent-sounding speech. "I knew your father." It was quite ridiculous, of course, but the words sounded almost like a threat.

She had no answer ready, and a brief silence followed. Then Lady Anne bridged the awkward moment with some commonplace, adroitly steering the conversation into smoother waters, and a few minutes later Mrs. Craig rose to go.

"I'll see you across the park, Judith," volunteered Nick, and he and his mother accompanied her out of the room.

In the hall, Lady Anne detained her visitor an instant with light hand on her arm, while Nick forged for his own particular headache amongst the family assortment of hats and caps.

"Jean is a dear girl, Judith," she said earnestly, "I want you to be friendly with her. Don't let me hear that you are not on good terms with the children."

"Why, no, I shouldn't," replied Mrs. Craig, with apparent frankness. "It was only that, for the moment, it was rather a shock to learn that she was—what woman's name was it?"

"Of course it was," acquiesced Lady Anne. "Goodbye, dear Judith."

But notwithstanding Mrs. Craig's assurances, a troubled look lingered in Lady Anne's grey eyes long after her guest's departure.

When
PAIN
Comes

WHAT many people call indigestion very often means excess acid in the stomach. The stomach juices have been over-stimulated, and food sours. The corrective is an alkali, which neutralizes the acidity instantly. And the best alkali known to medical science is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.

One specimen of this harmless, tasteless alkali in water neutralizes instantly many times that much acid, and the symptoms disappear at once. You will never use cruder methods when once you know the efficiency of this. Go, get a small bottle to try.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It is recommended by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids, like a breeze—any drug store. (Made in Canada.)

W. N. U. 1926

COULDN'T COMB HAIR

Crippled by Rheumatism

"I had been suffering with rheumatism for about 2 years and about this time last year was laid up for 10 weeks. I could not get up and the hair was the worst affected. I could not get about at all. I could not wash my face or comb my hair. All this had to be done for me. At the beginning of this year I started taking Kneading Salts every morning and I am pleased to say my hair and I can go out in the sun and the rheumatism is not affecting me."—Mrs. P. K. Rheumatism is associated with an excess of Uric Acid in the system. Two of the ingredients of Kneading Salts have the power of dissolving uric acid so as to render it capable of being easily washed out of the system. Other ingredients of Kneading Salts buture to flush out this dissolved uric acid through the bowels and the kidneys. Other ingredients still prevent food fermenting, thus making peace in the intestine, and thereby check formation not only of uric acid but of other impurities which poison the blood and pave the way to its health.

"Well, but," persisted Jean, determined to get to the bottom of the mystery. "I still don't see why." "Why what?"—unwillingly.

"Why he looked as if he loathed the very sight of me. That's not"—duty—"quite the effect you would expect love to produce."

"There was a curiously abstracted look in Tormarin's eyes as he made answer."

"Love is productive of very curious effects on occasion. More particularly when it is without hope of fulfillment," he added in a lower tone.

"Well, I suppose my father couldn't help not falling in love with Mrs. Craig," protested Jean, with some warmth. "Nor could he have prevented her caring for him. And it's certainly illogical for her to feel any resentment towards me on that score. I had nothing to do with it."

"Love and logic have precious little to say to each other, as the rule," replied Tormarin grimly. "To Judith, you're the child of the woman who kept her lover away from her, so you can hardly expect her to feel an over-vehement dislike to me."

"The woman who stole her lover away from her?" repeated Jean slowly. "I don't understand. What do you mean, Tormarin?"

He glanced at her in some surprise. "Surely—Don't you know the circumstances?"

"No. I simply don't know in the least what you are talking about. Please tell me," said Jean.

Tormarin made no response for a moment. He was standing with his back to the light, but as he lit a cigarette the flare of the match revealed a worried expression on his face, as though he deprecated the turn the conversation was taking.

"Oh, well," he said at last, evading the point at issue, "it's all ancient history now. Let it go. There's never anything gained by digging up the dry bones of the past."

Jean's mouth set itself in a mutinous line of determination. "You tell me, then," she reiterated. "As it is something which concerns my father and a woman I shall probably be meeting fairly often in the future, I think I have a right to know about it."

He shrugged his shoulders resigningly. "Very well—if you insist. But I don't think you'll be any happier for knowing." He paused. "Still indecisive?"

She bent her head. "Quite"—firmly—"whatever it is, I'd rather know it."

"On your own head be it, then." He seemed trying to infuse a lighter element into the conversation, as though hoping to minimise the effect of what he had to tell her. "It was just like this—that your father and Judith Burke were engaged to be married at the time he met your mother, and that—well, to make a long story short, he ran away with Miss Mayvory on the day fixed for his wedding with Judith."

A dead silence followed the disclosure. Then Jean uttered a low cry of dismay.

"My father did that? Are you sure?"

"Quite sure."

Tormarin could see that the story had distressed her. Her eyes shone hard and bewildered like those of a child who has met with a totally unexpected rebuff.

"Don't take it like that," he urged hastily. "After all, it was nothing so terrible. You look as though he had broken every one of the ten commandments—murder, adultery, and so on."

Jean smiled back rather wistfully. "I don't know that I should worry very much if he had—in some circumstances. But—don't you see?—it was so cruel, so horribly selfish."

"You've got to remember two things in justification."

"Justification?"—expressively.

"There wasn't any. There couldn't be."

happiness at the cost of someone else's prior right."

A look of extreme bitterness crossed Tormarin's face.

(To Be Continued.)

Uniform Monetary System

Proposed That Effective Measures Be Taken By The British Empire

A memorandum strongly advocating the introduction of a uniform monetary system for the British Empire, with which the continent of North America, and the Commonwealth of Nations was being formed by the Federated Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire.

The memorandum declares since most empire countries are now of the gold standard the struggle to attract and retain gold has ceased. But, in order to remain competitive in the world's markets, the nations are obliged to force down prices by curbing production, and this leads to similar contractions by other nations, neutralizing the first advantage and depressing prices below the cost of production.

This, the memorandum says, has reduced the purchasing power of 91 per cent of the world's population. So-called over-production, it continues, is really under consumption, owing to restricted purchasing power. No one nation can prevent this deflation, the memorandum contends, and the only group strong enough to check effective measures is the British Empire, within which members would insulate themselves from external competition while re-expanding their resources, action which was made possible the establishment of same cooperation.

"But on her wedding-day"—pitifully. "Oh, poor Judith!—I am sure that day is long ago. And you, being Jacqueline Mayvory's daughter, will come in for the residue of her bitterness. Utterly—ironically—you can make friends with her."

"I shall try to," said Jean simply. "Is Mrs. Craig living now?" "No. He died out in India, and after his death Judith came back to England. She has lived at Willow Ferry with her brother, Geoffrey Burke, ever since."

There was a long silence, while Jean tried to tie in the new facts she had learned with her knowledge of her father's character. She was a little afraid that Tormarin might misunderstand her impulsive outburst of indignation.

"I stand that I am sitting in judgment on my father," she said at last. "In a way, I can—even understand his doing such a thing. You know, for the last two years of my mother's life I was with them both constantly, and anyone living with them could understand their kind of kinds of things that ordinary people wouldn't do." She paused, as though weighing the matter.

"You mean," she said, "that making her a laughing stock for the rest of her life was really meant to hurt anyone, but they were just like a couple of children together—stubbornly irremediable and happy. I always felt years older than either of them. They used to say I was 'cursed with a damnable sense of duty'—and I suppose I inherit it from our old Puritan ancestors on the Peterson side. I know I couldn't have cheerfully run off and taken my life."

"And the wonder no lines have told! You thank for the music none can write."

Regulations For Chinese

New Order Permits Four Years' Visit To China

All persons of Chinese origin returning to China between now and December 1, 1932, will be permitted to delay their return to Canada for a period of four years, according to new regulations formed by Dominion order-in-council and forwarded from Ottawa. Heretofore the immigration laws have required that all Chinese visiting their homeland return to the country within two years under penalty of being refused admission.

Employment Higher
Employment in Canada during 1931, says a report of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, was generally higher than for the six-year period 1921 to 1926, although lower than in the last four years. Returns made to the Bureau showed a monthly average of 927,483 workers during 1931.

Index numbers taken as 100, the following index numbers were reported: 1931, 102.9; 1929, 113.4; 1928, 119; 1927, 111.6; 1927, 104.6; and 1921, 88.8.

Soviet gasoline having reached America, the cars will be Russian around more than ever—Toronto Star.

The wise prove, and the foolish confess, by their conduct, that a life of employment is the only life worth leading.—Paley.

Another lesson learned in adversity is that a life isn't the only thing you can catch.

MACDONALD'S
Fine CutCanada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco
with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

Eskimos Feel Depression

Low Price Obtained For Furs In Causing Hardship

Eskimos, living in Canada's vast hinterland stretching from the 50th parallel to the north pole, are suffering severely from the depression and were it not for their unselfish cooperation, conditions would be much more acute. Such was the information brought by Bishop A. Turquetti, known throughout the continent as the "Bishop of the Arctic," who arrived in Montreal from his bishopric of the snows where for 30 years he had labored in the interests of the natives.

Bishop Turquetti has been called to Montreal to be made vice apostolic of Hudson Bay.

His lordship stated the Eskimos and trappers were, with the rest of the world, feeling the depression keenly. Furs he said, were not bringing very high prices and as this was practically the only thing the northern people had to sell, it was very difficult to obtain even their simple needs.

His discourse, the most unique in the world, stretches over an area of 1,652,698 square miles and his parishioners in this vast area number 7,500.

In all infantile complaints that are the result of the deprivations of food, the stomach and intestines Miller's Worm Powders will be found an effective remedy. They attack the cause of these troubles, and by expelling the worms from the organs insure an easy working of the system, without which the child cannot maintain its strength or thrive. These powders mean health and improvement.

New Treatment For Anemia

Scientists Claim Extract Injection Will Combat This Trouble.
A new and simplified treatment for pernicious anemia, eliminating many of the uncertainties and difficulties of present treatments, has been perfected by research scientists at University of Michigan.

The new treatment involves intravenous injection of concentrated liver extract and obviates the necessity of frequent doses of liver extract or substitutes administered by mouth against which patients rebel.

As in six injections of the new treatment for the veins of a pernicious anemia sufferer have restored the blood to normal. After the blood has been replenished with red corpuscles, it is possible to maintain this state by single injections at intervals of from four to six weeks.

A man who marries for money cannot get along with or without his wife.

There are more than 40 different kinds of insulating materials used in house construction.

When You
DON'T
COIT

Fatigue is the signal to rest. They tell you to rest and you don't, keep cool and carry-on in comfort.

Aspirin was meant for just such times, for it restores your comfort, freedom from those pains that nag at you and wear you down. One tablet will knock that threatening headache while it is still just a threat. Take two or three tablets when you've caught a cold, and that's usually the end of it.

Carry Aspirin tablets when you travel. Have some at home and keep some at the office. Like an efficient secretary, they will often "see the day" and spare you the most uncomfortable, unproductive hours.

Aspirin is harmless, so keep it handy, keep it in mind, and use it. No man of affairs can afford to ignore the facts and more of use explained in the *precise directions*. It is the only remedy for rheumatism pains which almost always follow colds, flu, and other ailments. It is ready with quick relief and, if necessary, need not be taken.

Little Helps For This Week

"That the Lord by God may have them in all the world of them kind that do not doct."—Deuteronomy xiv, 22.

No earnest work of any honest craftsman, however weak, imperfect, ill-adapted, fails so much. It is not gathered, as a grain of sand. To enlarge the sum of human action used.

For carrying out God's plan. —Elizabeth Barrett Browning.

Our life is but a little holding lent to do a mighty labor. We are one with Heaven and the stars when it is spent.

Pays Tribute To Wife

Late Sir George E. Foster Acknowledges Debt In Will

"To her deep and abiding love, her faithful and constant care, her lively and intelligent sympathy in my work for country and Empire, I owe a debt which can only be acknowledged but never adequately repaid."

This is the striking tribute paid by Sir George E. Foster, who died on December 13 last, to Lady Foster, his wife, in his will, filed for probate at the surrogate court recently.

The total estate is valued at \$58,181, and the entire amount is left to Lady Foster. Sir George directs Lady Foster, sole executor of the estate, to dispose of his private and political papers "as she deems best in her judgment."

No Asthma Remedy Like It. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is distinctly different from other so-called remedies. Were this not so, it would not have continued its great work of relief still known from ocean to ocean for its wonderful value. Kellogg's the foremost and best of all asthma remedies, stands upon a reputation founded in the hearts of thousands who have known its benefit.

Britain and War Debts
So far as this country is concerned there is certainly a widespread belief that general cancellation of reparations and war debts would facilitate economic recovery and, therefore, be generally beneficial; but the British taxpayer would not lightly entertain the idea of cancelling reparations while retaining the burden imposed by war debts. —London Times, England.

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COIT

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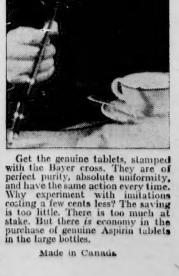
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Get the genuine tablets, stamped with the name of the maker, and of perfect purity, absolute uniformity, and of the same strength. Every experiment with imitations reduces a few cents less. The saving is too little. There is too much at stake. But there is economy in the purchase of genuine Aspirin tablets in the large bottles.

Made in Canada



U.F.A. VOTE DOWN PROPOSAL FOR MORATORIUM

Edmonton, Alberta.—Declaration of a moratorium on debts in the Province of Alberta was rejected by the United Farmers of Alberta at a session of their financial difficulties. After a strenuous debate the farmers' convention voted down a resolution calling on the provincial government to declare a moratorium by a vote of 80 to 85.

The aim majority for the opponents of the proposal followed more than a score of fighting speeches on either side. In rejecting the scheme, the convention endorsed the stand taken by the Premier of the Province, Hon. J. E. Brownie, who advised against the move. Two members of the Federal Parliament also threw their weight against it. William Irvine, Wetaskiwin, and Alfred Speakman, Red Deer.

Declarations that it was a matter of life and death to the farmers, that they were unable to pay anything on their debts and had a right to protect their homes and farms from seizure were frequent during the debate. Opponents of the measure warned of the danger to the credit of individuals in the Province. Government and claimed a moratorium was only a postponement and no solution of the defects in the existing economic system.

After rejecting the moratorium proposal, the convention passed a resolution favoring the extension of the Provincial Debt Adjustment Act to the whole province and an amendment to make the disposition of any debtor impossible without recourse to the act. Terms of the move were explained by P. H. Wedderburn, administrator for the Edmonton district.

Following a suggestion that if tax payments ceased schools would have to close up and provincial government services would not be carried on, the sponsors of the moratorium modified their resolution to exclude taxes and it was in this form it was voted down.

While opposing a moratorium the convention, nevertheless declared for a drastic reduction or cancellation of interest charges on farm mortgages. Strong opposition to the transfer of the work of the Alberta provincial police to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police was voiced when a resolution from Calgary local came up.

Opposed to Delay In Wheat Grading

Alberta Farmers Want Grading Wheat Graded At Once

Edmonton, Alberta.—No delay in the creation of separate grades for Grange wheat is desired by the United Farmers of Alberta. Their convention voted down a motion to ask the Dominion Government to postpone the setting up of new grades for at least a year.

Grange wheat is extensively grown in the northern part of the province. Growers regarded the creation of separate grades as inevitable and thought the farmers would lose nothing by getting this variety of wheat established at its actual value as a separate grade, although the immediate effect of separate grading might cause Grange to sell at a lower price for a time.

Claims Copyright Infringement

Demands Asked For Use Of Photograph Of Prince Of Wales On Two Dollar Bills

Toronto, Ont.—Damages for the use of copyrighted photograph of the Prince of Wales on Dominion of Canada two-dollar bills are being sought by George P. Freeland, local photographer, in an action started against the Canadian Bank Note company, Ottawa.

Mr. Freeland claims that during the visit of the Prince in 1919, he took a number of photographs of his royal highness and copyrighted them. The pictures, he says, were later used on a two-dollar bill.

Attempting New Speed Record London, Eng.—Sir Malcolm Campbell, British racing driver, who was invited by Major Howard H. Armstrong, of Daytona Beach, Fla., to attempt to beat his own speed record of 245 miles an hour, said he expects to be there February 10 or February 12 to make the attempt.

W. N. U. 1928

'Plane Makes First Trip

Giant Liner Inaugurates Weekly Air-mail Service To Cape Town London, Eng.—Promptly on schedule time, the giant Imperial Airways liner, "Helm", took off from Croydon aerodrome Jan. 20, inaugurating a weekly air-mail service to Cape Town.

The plane carried 20,000 letters and 100 parcels, including a large box of eggs. The passengers were Air Vice-Marshal Sir Cyril Vyvyan, Lady Vyvyan and P. G. L. Barrett, Deputy Minister of Civil Aviation. The London-Cape Town route follows established routes as far as Egypt and then plunges south down the "dark continent," travelling a route worked out first by machines of the Royal Air Force, which did the pioneer work only a few years ago.

Suggests Bonus For Buyer

Proposal Would Benefit Coal Purchaser Instead Of Mine Operator Calgary, Alberta.—Any step towards improvement in the Canadian coal industry needs the approval of Alberta operators, it was declared by officials commenting on a proposal for a government bonus to the purchaser of coal instead of the mine operator. H. J. Kelly, manager of the Dominion Steel and Coal Corporation, in Sydney, N.S., suggested the government give a bonus, not to the mine operator, but to the purchaser of Nova Scotia coal.

"At present the subvention from the government benefits the railways, not the purchaser," declared P. H. Shields, manager of Coal Sellers Limited. "Any subvention should result in a lower price to the consumer in order to be of any advantage to the industry."

Offered Fellowship

Fellowship In Royal Geographical Society Awarded To Western Aviator

Edmonton, Alberta.—A fellowship in the Royal Geographical Society has been awarded to Pilot Walter E. Gilbert, Canadian Airways Limited, according to word received in the city. Such an award to an aviator is believed to be unusual.

Pilot Gilbert flies Canadian Airways Limited, machines from Edmonton to the Arctic Coast, and was associated with Major Burwash on the latter's trip to King William Land and the north magnetic pole in the fall of 1930. He piloted the airplane G-CASK on that occasion. This machine, known for steady service and which has been flown steadily by Gilbert for more than a year, is almost as well known as his pilot.

Cathedral Is Being Turned Into Museum

Sovets Will Use It For Anti-Religious Exhibits Leningrad, U.S.S.R.—The Soviet government has announced that the cathedral known for steady service and which has been flown steadily by Gilbert for more than a year, is almost as well known as his pilot.

When completed, the museum would contain exhibits of various objects of a religious nature, interpreted along the lines of the late Karl Marx's doctrine, adopted by Soviet Russia, that "religion is opium for the people."

The Kanan cathedral was started in 1801 and completed in 1811 at a cost of approximately \$2,000,000.

Furs On Baychinn Not Worth Over Thirty Thousand

Winnipeg, Man.—"Ridiculous" was the expression voiced by officials of the Hudson Bay Company in regard to reports that the missing fur-trade vessel "Baychinn" lost in the Arctic Circle carried fur pelts valued at \$1,500,000. Officials stated that the total value of pelts on board would not exceed \$30,000. A quantity of pelts had been saved before the vessel disappeared they said. Don Graham, 35, Alaska air mail pilot, is reported flying to find the ship and seize the furs under salvage laws.

Wheat Quota Workable

London, Eng.—The government's revised wheat quota scheme, giving Dominion farmers a fixed proportion of the British market, is so far as it goes, more workable than the original proposals, the National Union of Farmers was told at the annual meeting recently by a member who had been one of the negotiators with the government over the plan.

President Of U.F.A.

Robert Gardner Unanimously Chosen To Lead Organization For Second Term Edmonton, Alberta.—Robert Gardner was unanimously chosen president of the United Farmers of Alberta for a second term at the annual convention here.

The veteran farm leader, who represents Acadia in the House of Commons and is also leader of the United Farmers of Alberta group in Dominion politics, was given an ovation when no other nominations were offered.

Mr. Gardner notified the members they had better look around for another president for 1933. He said he found the burden of carrying the two posts of leader of the group in the House of Commons and president of the association too heavy.

Norman F. Priestly, Calgary, was selected vice-president by acclamation. A. F. Aiken, Battle River, was also nominated, but withdrew in favor of a renewal of Mr. Priestly's term of office.

BOYCOTT AGAINST BRITISH GOODS WEAPON IN INDIA

Bombay, India.—The merchants' organization, comprising representatives of markets and exchanges, have been closed for 10 days, laid plans for a mass meeting to protest the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi, National leader, and ordinance directed against the Nationalist civil disobedience campaign.

Statistics from "authoritative sources" were published purporting to reveal the effect of the Nationalist boycott against British goods. They show Japan has shipped nearly 15,000,000 yards of cloth to India in one month, compared with less than 3,000,000 yards shipped by concerns in Great Britain during the same period.

Two 16-year-old girl students from the University of Bengal went to trial before a special tribunal in Calcutta, charged with the murder of Magistrate C. G. B. Stevens who was shot to death a month ago. Both pleaded not guilty.

A British police sergeant was stabbed in the head at Dacca by an unidentified assailant who stole his revolver and fled. Two suspects were arrested. When a crowd attempted to seize several prisoners in Gorkhalpur police fired two rounds of buckshot without wounding anyone.

San Giorgio, former mayor of Calcutta and a prominent Nationalist, was arrested as he stepped off an Italian ship. No specific charge was lodged against him.

Rev. H. V. H. Alvin, a young missionary, who accused authorities in the northwest frontier provinces of oppression, cruelty and "things that ought to make an Englishman ashamed," had been arrested and charged with sedition. He was blamed special officers for the alleged outrages and paid tribute to the regular British police force, describing its members as real friends of the people.

It is now possible to select certain sounds for transmission by wireless while other noises from the same sources are suppressed.

TRAGEDY OF SINO-JAPANESE WAR



Rather than be a source of worry to her soldier-husband as he departed for the battle-front in Manchuria, Mrs. Miyoko Inoue (left), 21-year-old wife of Lieutenant Inoue (right), of the Japanese army, calmly attended herself in her best clothes and stabbed herself in the throat with a dagger her husband treasured. She left a note for her husband, in which she explained the reason for her suicide, and enclosed 40 yen (\$20), with the request that he spend the money to make his soldiers happy. Her home was in Osaka, Japan.

WAR DEBT ADJUSTMENT

Right Hon. Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, who will attend Reparations Conference.

Aviators Stranded In China

Pliers From Canada and U.S. Cannot Get Jobs Shanghai, China.—Five Canadian airmen and five from United States, who came to China expecting to be given jobs at \$1,000 a month piloting Chinese military aeroplanes, found themselves stranded here.

The aviators said they were promised by Chinese organizations in Canada and the United States the aviation bureau of the Chinese Ministry of War was seeking pilots and would pay the salary mentioned for competent men.

The aviators landed here with practically no money only to be told the government bureau is not looking for pilots at all.

The five pilots from the United States said posters appeared at numerous public coast airports advertising that the United States was seeking pilots to come to China as a result of the promises. The trade commissioners communicated with their respective governments, hoping to forestall the coming of others.

Complaint was made that the United Farmers Government of Alberta and the farmer members of the legislature had not taken the strong stand on the question which has been taken by the Federal members of the parliament called on the Provincial Government and all officers and members of the association to proclaim publicly their belief that monetary reform was the only way out of the depression and so give moral support to the members at Ottawa.

This implied a censure on the Provincial Government, said William Irvine, M.P., of Wetaskiwin. The matter was one for the Dominion Government and had to work under the present system and borrow money from the banks.

"It will soon be apparent that every provincial government in Canada is at the beck and call of the financial center of Wall Street," said William Irvine. This, he thought, might be good propaganda for the cause of monetary reform.

Control of the money unite with industrial workers to secure political power and so change the system, said Karl Axelsson. There was nothing wrong with the Bank Act except it was in the hands of the wrong people. The producing classes should wrest control from the vested financial powers.

As the convention passed a resolution calling for the abandonment of the gold standard, Henry Spencer, member of parliament for Battle River, said Canada had already gone off the gold standard although the government did not admit it.

Deflation of currency was also favored as a means of increasing the sale of farm products. The suggestion that instead of borrowing money and paying interest "to the great financial powers" for unemployment relief works, the government should issue new paper money, was endorsed.

Amendment of the Bank Act to provide a penalty for any bank or bank official charging higher interest than seven per cent. was asked. This was a reiteration of the demand made in the House of Commons last year by Mr. Spencer.

Another resolution passed called upon the government to make what certificates legal tender. It would enable a farmer to take the wheat for wheat delivered to an elevator and use them to make purchases.

The Canadian tariff system was also discussed and a resolution declared the time had come for an "all round reduction in our customs duties to fit in with the time within a period of not less than five years in every field of this barbaric economic superstition be eliminated from the fiscal policy of our country."

Bill Introduced In Quebec Legislature Is Defeated

Quebec, Que.—Attempt of the women of the province of Quebec to secure votes in provincial elections failed again in the legislative assembly.

The Women's Franchise Bill, sponsored by Dr. Asselin, Plamondon (Lib. Mercier), went down to defeat by a vote of 52 to 28 on an amendment moved by Arthur Belanger (Lib. Levesque), seconded by J. P. Giguere (Lib. Dorchester), giving the bill a six-months' hiatus.

The resolution passed was "Resolved that we, the delegates of the U.F.A. in convention, do endorse the complete nationalization of the monetary system, and the extension of credit to industry on a basis of cost, not of profit."

Coincided with the demand for a credit system came a proposal for extended political action to bring this about. A resolution call to this was defeated only on the United States and the Dominion members in the Federal Parliament had done all possible.

Scholarships For Argentina Students Will Provide Same Facilities As Given Rhodes Scholars

London, England.—The Prince of Wales announced the establishment of a scholarship for Argentina students at Oxford University at a dinner of the Argentine Chamber of Commerce here.

The prince said the scholarship would provide the same facilities as were given to Rhodes scholars from the United States. It would be extended to two students from the University of Buenos Aires annually for at least three years. Each student would stay at Oxford for two years.

No Franchise For Women

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RADICAL CHANGE IN MONETARY SYSTEM IS URGED

Edmonton, Alberta.—In a smashing frontal attack on the existing financial system the United Farmers of Alberta, in convention here, condemned the gold standard, called for the complete nationalization of the monetary system and the extension of credit to industry on a basis of cost, not of profit.

The farmers, refused, however, to declare themselves in favor of nationalization of all the banks. They thought, with a national credit system, the banks would either not be needed or would have to render as good service as the national system.

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London, England.—The Prince of Wales announced the establishment of a scholarship for Argentina students at Oxford University at a dinner of the Argentine Chamber of Commerce here.

The prince said the scholarship would provide the same facilities as were given to Rhodes scholars from the United States. It would be extended to two students from the University of Buenos Aires annually for at least three years. Each student would stay at Oxford for two years.

Thaahasca By-Election

Poling Day Set For March 21, With Nominations March 7

Ottawa, Ont.—The Thaahasca by-election, necessitated by the death of John P. Buckley, Liberal, will be held March 21, it was announced by the chief electoral officer. March 7 will be nomination day.

The writ for the election was issued by Mr. Justice Gauthier. The Thaahasca by-election, has been appointed returning officer. Mr. Buckley was killed in an automobile accident some time ago.

Close Northern Radio Station

Prince Albert—Waskesin and Ladard radio stations have been closed for the remainder of the winter, the operators passing through recently en route for Winnipeg. Les Freres have a radio station in northern Saskatchewan now open, but it is believed the others will be reopened in the spring.

DEBT PARLEY IS EXPECTED TO BE HELD LATER

London, Eng.—The British Government's announcement that Lausanne Reparations Conference will be postponed does not mean that the conference has been abandoned, it was said after a dispatch from Paris.

Preliminary work for the meeting is being continued, a competent spokesman said, and the government hopes that the conference ultimately will be held and will prove to be successful.

No one in official quarters took seriously what one of the London newspapers described as a "new" plan to solve the reparations problem by allowing Germany to meet her obligations with railroad bonds instead of cash.

According to the published version of this report, the cabinet had given "sympathetic consideration" to the plan, but this was denied.

It was announced that Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald had been forced by the pressure of domestic affairs to decline with regret an invitation from Premier Laval of France for a discussion of mutual problems over the week end.

Canadian System Is Practical For Sales

Favorable Report Given By Experts Sent To Study Sales Tax

Washington, D.C.—Two experts sent to Canada by the United States treasury department to study the manufacturer's sales tax in Canada, have told the House of Representatives Ways and Means Committee the Canadian sales tax system was practical for the United States and would bring large federal revenue.

Dr. Thomas S. Adams of New Haven, Conn., professor of political economy at Yale University, had said he found no opposition to the tax, that it was successful, well-administered and netted about \$44,000,000 annually to Canada.

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More Air Mail Business

Post Office Officials Report Increase In Prairie Provinces

Ottawa, Ont.—Air mail business in the prairie provinces has increased, post office officials declared, commenting on a despatch from Edmonton, Alberta, which said the U.F.A. convention had passed a resolution urging the abandonment of unprofitable services.

Departmental officials are busy on the estimates for next fiscal year, and their air mail will receive attention among other branches of post office activity. It could not be learned whether the appropriation for this will be increased or cut.

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Champion Groceteria

Some of our Regular Prices

Quaker Wax Beans, 2's, 2 for.....	.25
Royal City Golden Bantam Corn, 2's, 2 for.....	.35
Rolo Cream Health Oats, 3 lb. 7 oz. pkg.....	.30
Nelson Brand Plum Jam, 4 lb. tin.....	.42
Blue Ribbon Coffee, 1 lb. Vacuum tin.....	.50

P. & G. Soap Deal

1 medium Ivory Soap.....1 Guest Ivory.....1 Ivory	
Flakes.....1 Calay Toilet Soap.....2 P. & G. White	
Naptha.....2 Gold Soap.....1 large Chipso or Oxydol	
1 Aluminium Colander.all for.....	99c

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In All Its Branches

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Champion, Alberta

Annual Meeting of Blusson United Church

The annual meeting of the Blusson United church was held in the school house on Tuesday evening Jan. 29 at 8.30 p.m.

After a short devotional service the business meeting was held. Reports were given by Rev. Peter Dawson on his year's work and by the Sec. Treas. re the financial standing of the church. The financial statement showed the total receipts to be \$405.53, with a balance on Dec. 31st of \$684.

The following officers were returned to office for the ensuing year: Elders, Mr. J. W. Cain and Mr. A. J. Miller; managers, A. J. Miller, T. P. Carlson Mrs. J. W. Cain and H. J. Higgins; Sec. Treas., Mrs. W. R. McRae; Organist, Miss McKay; Choir leader, Gordon Higgins.

At the close of the meeting a social hour was spent in games.

This is the first time that Blusson has been organized as a separate congregation and it is gratifying to know that in spite of the depression we have come through with a credit balance at the close of the year.

Gordon McLean Leaves For Toronto

Gordon McLean has given up his position in Farmer's hardware and is leaving Friday morning for Belleville Ontario, where he has accepted a position as book keeper for a Tobacco firm. The Chronicle joins in wishing him the best of luck.

Annual Meeting United Church

The Annual meeting of the United Church Champion will be held in the church on Wednesday February 3rd at 8 o'clock. All departments of the church's work are asked to have their reports ready for this meeting.

Champion United Church

Rev. Peter Dawson Minister

Sunday, January 31.

10.30 a.m. Sunday School at Blusson Service will be held at Blusson Sunday morning at 11.30 and every Sunday morning hereafter during the winter months.

3 p.m. Service and Sunday School at Sanderson.

11 a.m. Champion Sunday school. 7.30 p.m., Evening Worship at Champion — Subject — "The Difficulty of Escaping Christ."

For Sale

R. O. M. Manmoth Bronze Turkey. 10 lbs. at \$15.00.
B' tons at \$10.00.
B hens at \$8.00.
Mrs. W. R. Meltsa. Drawer 6 Champion Alta.

For Sale

Two Milch Cows, both fresh. Apply to Mike Beingsner. Phone 710

For Sale

Bronze Turkey, Govt. Banded.
1 Young Tom B'plus 30 lbs. \$15.00
1 Young Tom B'plus 28 lbs. \$10.00
1 Young Tom B'plus 25 lbs. \$10.00
Also 4 and 6 Banded hens, weight 15 to 17 lbs.
Mrs. J. W. Cain Phone 12315

Dr. H. NEWTON HEAL

DENTAL SURGEON
In Champion Thursday
Fridays and Saturdays.

HERBERT J. MABER

SOLICITOR, BARRISTER, NOTARY
VULCAN

At Champion Every Thursday.

In Memorium

In loving memory of infant daughter Evelyn Fay Watts who died January 27th 1929.
Inserted by mother and father.

In Memorium

In loving memory of Herbert Willie who passed away January 26 1929.
Sister Mary.

In Memorium

In loving memory of our beloved husband and father Dennis Ashmore who passed away January 31 1929.
Sweet are the memories that linger there.
We miss him and mourn him in silence unseen,
And live in the memory of joys that have been.
Inserted by his wife and children, Melvin, Phyllis and Rose.

Miss Florence Morriale arrived home from her three weeks visit in Calgary. Her friend Miss Dorothy Ellis accompanied her for a short visit.

Found—Leather Gaitlet. Apply at Chronicle office.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wilson of Pandolton B.C. are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Wellman.

Extra Special!

Buy while buying is good
6 dozen Men's Shirts
Regular \$1.50 to \$4.75
to clear out at Half Price
Saturday and Monday only

F. J. CLAPP

—Calgary's Popular Priced Hotels—

HOTEL YORK

EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates: \$2.50 and \$3.00
Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices.
ALSO OPERATING—

HOTEL ST. REGIS

RATES: \$1.50; Baths \$2.00. Weekly and Monthly Rates.

Turner Valley Gasoline at 22 1-2c per gal.

ALSO

regular Premier Gasoline
at the Regular price

Granlin Motors

Champion Theatre

Wednesday Feb. 3rd
Matinee only at 4 p.m.
Jackie Coogan

In



All
School
Children
15c

All
School
Children
15c

Mr. A. McCullough is attending the Retail Merchants' Convention in Calgary.

The Klein Bros. are holding an auction sale on the premises of the late John Klein, Sec. 17, 15 22, six miles east of Champion, on Wednesday, February 10th, commencing at 10 o'clock.

Eight carloads of young people from the Champion district attended the Leap Year dance held in the Prairie Del school near Staveland on Friday evening.

Mrs. Berger is spending a few days visiting friends in Nanton, after which she will undergo medical treatment in Calgary.

Now is The Time

Now is the time to overhaul your farm machinery for the spring work. We have everything you need in the line of Hardware at very reasonable prices.

Farmer's Hardware

"The Store With The Stock"

STORE PHONE 12

HOUSE PHONE 28

COAL !

At the Ellis Mine
\$3.00 per ton

All weights guaranteed and no better coal in the district

Nut Coal \$1.00 per ton

JAMES ELLIS, Operator

Big Reduction in Coal



\$3.00

Per Ton

**Now is the time to stock
up on coal**

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Sam Fong Cafe

FRIGIDAIRE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT
CIGARS CIGARETTES TOBACCAOS
SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
ROOMS

Best Meals in Town

Bread For Sale